**Video Title:** Explore Your City! Places in Spanish: Lesson 12 for Beginners

**Video Script:**

**(Intro Scene - Upbeat, city-themed music playing, visuals of a vibrant cityscape, quick cuts of various city locations – a park, a museum, a market, a street corner, a train station, etc.)**

**Narrator (Energetic, friendly voice):** ¡Hola, city explorers! Welcome to Lesson 12: **Places in a City in Spanish!** Cities are full of interesting places to discover! Whether you're visiting a new city or just describing your own, knowing the names of different locations is essential. In this lesson, we’ll learn the Spanish words for many common city places, from parks and shops to transportation hubs and cultural spots. ¡Vamos a explorar la ciudad! Let's explore the city!

**(Scene 1: Public Spaces - "Espacios Públicos" - Visuals: Images of various public spaces – a park, a square/plaza, a street, a sidewalk/pavement. Emphasize visual grouping.)**

**Narrator:** Let's begin with "Espacios Públicos" – Public Spaces! These are places everyone can use and enjoy in the city.

* **(Visual: Park image. Text: "Parque")** **Narrator:** "Parque." Repeat: "Parque." This is **Park**. "Parque" is masculine – "el parque." Imagine relaxing in el parque.
* **(Visual: City square/plaza image. Text: "Plaza")** **Narrator:** "Plaza." Repeat: "Plaza." This is **Square** or **Plaza**. "Plaza" is feminine – "la plaza." Think of the bustling la plaza in the heart of a city.
* **(Visual: City street image. Text: "Calle")** **Narrator:** "Calle." Repeat: "Calle." This is **Street**. "Calle" is feminine – "la calle." Walking down la calle.
* **(Visual: Sidewalk/pavement image. Text: "Acera")** **Narrator:** "Acera." Repeat: "Acera." This is **Sidewalk** or **Pavement**. "Acera" is feminine – "la acera." Walking on la acera.

**Narrator:** "Parque, plaza, calle, acera." Basic public spaces in any city!

**(Scene 2: Commercial Places - "Lugares Comerciales" - Visuals: Images of shops/stores, restaurant, cafe, supermarket, market. Visual grouping again.)**

**Narrator:** Now for "Lugares Comerciales" – Commercial Places, where you can shop, eat, and find services!

* **(Visual: Shop/store exterior. Text: "Tienda")** **Narrator:** "Tienda." Repeat: "Tienda." This is **Shop** or **Store**. "Tienda" is feminine – "la tienda." Going to la tienda.
* **(Visual: Restaurant interior. Text: "Restaurante")** **Narrator:** "Restaurante." Repeat: "Restaurante." This is **Restaurant**. "Restaurante" is masculine – "el restaurante." Eating at el restaurante.
* **(Visual: Cafe interior. Text: "Cafetería" or "Café")** **Narrator:** "Cafetería" or "Café." Repeat: "Cafetería," "Café." Both can mean **Cafe** or **Coffee shop**. "Cafetería" is feminine, "café" is masculine. Having coffee at la cafetería or el café.
* **(Visual: Supermarket interior. Text: "Supermercado")** **Narrator:** "Supermercado." Repeat: "Supermercado." This is **Supermarket**. "Supermercado" is masculine – "el supermercado." Grocery shopping at el supermercado.
* **(Visual: Open-air market scene. Text: "Mercado")** **Narrator:** "Mercado." Repeat: "Mercado." This is **Market**. "Mercado" is masculine – "el mercado." Browsing el mercado.

**Narrator:** "Tienda, restaurante, cafetería (or café), supermercado, mercado." Places to shop and eat!

**(Scene 3: Transportation Hubs - "Centros de Transporte" - Visuals: Images of train station, bus station, airport, taxi stand.)**

**Narrator:** Let’s look at "Centros de Transporte" – Transportation Hubs, to help you get around the city and beyond!

* **(Visual: Train station exterior. Text: "Estación de tren")** **Narrator:** "Estación de tren." Repeat: "Estación de tren." This is **Train station**. "Estación" is feminine, so "la estación de tren." Arriving at la estación de tren.
* **(Visual: Bus station exterior. Text: "Estación de autobús" or "Estación de autobuses")** **Narrator:** "Estación de autobús" or "Estación de autobuses." Repeat: "Estación de autobús," "Estación de autobuses." Both are **Bus station**. "Autobús" is singular bus, "autobuses" is plural buses. Usually feminine - "la estación de autobús" or "la estación de autobuses."
* **(Visual: Airport exterior. Text: "Aeropuerto")** **Narrator:** "Aeropuerto." Repeat: "Aeropuerto." This is **Airport**. "Aeropuerto" is masculine – "el aeropuerto." Flying from el aeropuerto.
* **(Visual: Taxi stand. Text: "Parada de taxi")** **Narrator:** "Parada de taxi." Repeat: "Parada de taxi." This is **Taxi stand** or **Taxi stop**. "Parada" is feminine – "la parada de taxi." Finding a taxi at la parada de taxi.

**Narrator:** "Estación de tren, estación de autobús (or autobuses), aeropuerto, parada de taxi." Getting from place to place!

**(Scene 4: Cultural and Civic Places - "Lugares Culturales y Cívicos" - Visuals: Museum exterior, church/cathedral, hospital, school/university, bank, post office.)**

**Narrator:** Now, for "Lugares Culturales y Cívicos" – Cultural and Civic Places, important for culture, services, and community!

* **(Visual: Museum exterior. Text: "Museo")** **Narrator:** "Museo." Repeat: "Museo." This is **Museum**. "Museo" is masculine – "el museo." Visiting el museo.
* **(Visual: Church or Cathedral exterior. Text: "Iglesia" or "Catedral")** **Narrator:** "Iglesia" or "Catedral." Repeat: "Iglesia," "Catedral." "Iglesia" is **Church**, "Catedral" is **Cathedral**. "Iglesia" is feminine, "catedral" is feminine as well - "la iglesia," "la catedral." Going to la iglesia or la catedral.
* **(Visual: Hospital exterior. Text: "Hospital")** **Narrator:** "Hospital." Repeat: "Hospital." This is **Hospital**. "Hospital" is masculine – "el hospital." Going to el hospital.
* **(Visual: School or University building. Text: "Escuela" or "Universidad")** **Narrator:** "Escuela" or "Universidad." Repeat: "Escuela," "Universidad." "Escuela" is **School**, "Universidad" is **University**. "Escuela" is feminine, "universidad" is feminine - "la escuela," "la universidad." Studying at la escuela or la universidad.
* **(Visual: Bank exterior. Text: "Banco")** **Narrator:** "Banco." Repeat: "Banco." This is **Bank**. "Banco" is masculine – "el banco." Going to el banco.
* **(Visual: Post office exterior. Text: "Oficina de correos")** **Narrator:** "Oficina de correos." Repeat: "Oficina de correos." This is **Post office**. "Oficina" is feminine, so "la oficina de correos." Sending mail from la oficina de correos.

**Narrator:** "Museo, iglesia (or catedral), hospital, escuela (or universidad), banco, oficina de correos." Important cultural and service places!

**(Scene 5: Grammar Recap - Noun Gender - Visuals: Quick graphic reminder about noun genders – 'el' and 'la' articles, masculine/feminine categories, and emphasizing that place names have gender too.)**

**Narrator:** Quick grammar reminder: Just like with food and drinks, place names in Spanish also have gender – masculine or feminine! Remember to learn the gender with the word! "El parque," "la plaza," "el restaurante," "la tienda," etc.

**(Scene 6: Practice - "Where is...?" Questions - Visuals: Images of different city places appear on screen, prompt viewers to say "¿Dónde está el/la...?" for each place.)**

**Narrator:** Let's practice! I'll show you a picture of a city place. Try to ask, "¿Dónde está el...?" or "¿Dónde está la...?" for each one!

**(Visual: Image of a park.)** **Narrator:** Park! (Pause). ¿Dónde está… el parque? "Where is the park?"

**(Visual: Image of a shop.)** **Narrator:** Shop! (Pause). ¿Dónde está… la tienda? "Where is the shop?"

**(Visual: Image of a museum.)** **Narrator:** Museum! (Pause). ¿Dónde está… el museo? "Where is the museum?"

**(Visual: Image of a plaza/square.)** **Narrator:** Plaza! (Pause). ¿Dónde está… la plaza? "Where is the plaza?"

**(Narrator):** ¡Muy bien! You are naming places in the city in Spanish!

**(Outro Scene - Back to cityscape visuals, music swells, city building icons and map pins appear.)**

**Narrator:** ¡Excelente trabajo! Congratulations! You've learned so many important places in a city in Spanish! Keep practicing these words, and next time you're thinking about a city, try to name the places in Spanish! In our next lesson… [Tease next lesson topic]. ¡Adiós y… ¡Hasta la próxima aventura en español! (Goodbye and… Until the next Spanish adventure!)

**(Visual: End screen with lesson title, course name, call to action: "Practice naming city places!", links to city vocabulary games, virtual city tours in Spanish, and social media.)**

**(End of Video)**